

Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2024-12-14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™
CAS number	7791-13-1
Alternative name(s)	Cobalt (II) chloride hexahydrate
Alternative number(s)	GRM673

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

HiMedia Laboratories Pvt. Ltd.
Plot No. C40, Road No. 21Y, Wagle Industrial Area, MIDC
Thane West Maharashtra 400604
India

Telephone: +91 22 69034800, +91 22 61169797
e-mail: info@himedialabs.com
Website: www.himedialabs.com

e-mail (competent person) info@himedialabs.com (HiMedia Laboratories Pvt. Ltd)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service	+91 9321269711
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.1O	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.4R	respiratory sensitisation	1	Resp. Sens. 1	H334
3.4S	skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	2	Muta. 2	H341
3.6	carcinogenicity	1B	Carc. 1B	H350i
3.7	reproductive toxicity	1B	Repr. 1B	H360F
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects
Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08, GHS09



- Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
H360F May damage fertility.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.1 Substances**

Name of substance Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™

Identifiers

CAS No 7791-13-1

EC No 231-589-4

Index No 027-004-00-5
(GB CLP)

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Carc. 1B; H350i: C $\geq 0.01\%$	M-factor (acute) = 10 M-factor (chronic) = 10	500 mg/kg	oral

Molecular formula $\text{CoCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Molar mass 237.93 g/mol

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SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, Foam, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains, Take up mechanically

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

- Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

- Storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature: 10 – 30 °C

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
GB	dust		WEL		10					i	EH40/2005
GB	dust		WEL		4					r	EH40/2005

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Notation

Ceiling-C	ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
i	inhalable fraction
r	respirable fraction
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

Particulate filter device (EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Colour	Pink to red to dark purple hygroscopic crystals or powder or chunks or solid
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not relevant (solid)
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not applicable
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant

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Solubility(ies)	not determined
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Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not relevant (inorganic)
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Vapour pressure	not determined
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Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	not relevant (solid)

Particle characteristics	no data available
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9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
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Other safety characteristics

Solid content	100 %
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

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- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)
Oral 500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer by inhalation.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

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Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID	UN 3077
IMDG-Code	UN 3077
ICAO-TI	UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
ICAO-TI	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
Technical name	Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID	9
IMDG-Code	9
ICAO-TI	9

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III

14.5 Environmental hazards

hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) - Additional information

Classification code	M7
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree



Environmental hazards	YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
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Special provisions (SP)	274, 335, 375, 601
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
Transport category (TC)	3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	-
Hazard identification No	90
Emergency Action Code	2Z

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) - Additional information

Classification code	M7
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree



Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to water)
Special provisions (SP)	274, 335, 375, 601
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
Transport category (TC)	3
Hazard identification No	90

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™)
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree



Special provisions (SP)	274, 335, 966, 967, 969
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
EmS	F-A, S-F
Stowage category	A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree



Special provisions (SP)	A97, A158, A179, A197, A215
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	30 kg

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	0 %
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Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
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Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)			
Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™		a)	
Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™		a)	

Legend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations (GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) acc. to GB REACH and HSE			
Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™	7646-79-9	Candidate list	Carc. A57a Repr. A57c

Legend

Candidate list Substances meeting the criteria referred to in Article 57 and for eventual inclusion in Annex XIV

Carc. A57a Carcinogenic (Article 57a)

Repr. A57c Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™	carcinogenic		28

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Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
Cobaltous chloride hexahydrate, Hi-LR™	toxic for reproduction		30

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HSE	Health and Safety Executive
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
M-factor	Means a multiplying factor. It is applied to the concentration of a substance classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment acute category 1 or chronic category 1, and is used to derive by the summation method the classification of a mixture in which the substance is present
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	Parts per million

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.